

Name: ..... Klasse: ..... Datum: .....

**Present Perfect Arbeitsblatt - regelmäßige Verben**

Das Present Perfect (Perfect) bildet man mit **have/has** und dem Past Participle. Bei den regelmäßigen Verben wird **-ed** an den Infinitiv (Grundform) gehängt. (Endet das Verb auf einem unbetontem -e, wird nur **-d** angehängt.)

I <b>have</b> listened to the song.	(Present Perfect, 1. Person Singular)
You <b>have</b> listened to the song.	(Present Perfect, 2. Person Singular)
He/She <b>has</b> listened to the song.	(Present Perfect, 3. Person Singular)
We <b>have</b> listened to the song.	(Present Perfect, 1. Person Plural)
You <b>have</b> listened to the song.	(Present Perfect, 2. Person Plural)
They <b>have</b> listened to the song.	(Present Perfect, 3. Person Plural)

**1. Setze das Present Perfect von 'to live' ein.**

I live in London. (Simple Present)

I \_\_\_\_\_ in London. (Present Perfect)

You live in London. (Simple Present)

You \_\_\_\_\_ in London. (Present Perfect)

He/She lives in London. (Simple Present)

He/She \_\_\_\_\_ in London. (Present Perfect)

We live in London. (Simple Present)

We \_\_\_\_\_ in London. (Present Perfect)

You live in London. (Simple Present)

You \_\_\_\_\_ in London. (Present Perfect)

They live in London. (Simple Present)

They \_\_\_\_\_ in London. (Present Perfect)

**2. Setze das Present Perfect von 'to live' ein.**

You \_\_\_\_\_ in Nottingham.

He/She \_\_\_\_\_ in Nottingham.

We \_\_\_\_\_ in Nottingham.

Name: .....

Klasse: .....

Datum: .....

They \_\_\_\_\_ in Nottingham.

You \_\_\_\_\_ in Nottingham.

I \_\_\_\_\_ in London.